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Joseph Hermann, General Agent, Calumet.

HEPBURN IS REBUKED

Wanted to Give the Turkish Minister His Passports.

THE AMENDMENT IS VOTED DOWN.

Sensation Caused in the House by the Iowa Member—The Two New Senators from Utah Swore In—Cannon Gets the Long Term and Brown the Short One—American Residents in the Transvaal Appeal to Secretary Olney.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The two senators from the new state of Utah, Frank J. Cannon and Arthur Brown, were on the floor of the senate Monday for the first time. They were the center of an animated group in the rear of the chamber.



FRANK J. CANNON.

where senators gathered to extend to them a warm welcome. There was added interest in their arrival owing to the votes on the silver bond bill, in which they are expected to participate. The induction of the Utah senators occurred immediately after the chaplain's invocation. Dubois presenting the credentials of Cannon and Brown were read and being in due form the two new senators proceeded to the desk of the vice president where, with uplifted hand, the oath of office was taken.

Cannon gets Long Term. Brown was assigned a desk in the rear and extreme left of the chamber and Cannon immediately before him. The Utah senators then drew lots and Cannon won the long term, expiring March 3, 1900, and Brown the term until March 3, 1897. Baker presented a petition from Mrs. Waller, wife of the ex-United States consul in Madagascar, reciting her husband's arrest, his trial by a drum-head court and his transportation in chains to a French prison. Mrs. Waller's petition recited: "By these acts France has held my husband, an American citizen, as an imprisoned felon for the past ten months, and I believe and am sure that had my husband been a subject of Great Britain he would have long since been released."

As an American woman, Mrs. Waller asks the American congress to take suitable action. At 1 o'clock Hansbrough addressed the senate on the resolution instructing the secretary of agriculture to execute the laws concerning the distribution of seeds, etc.

House Proceedings.

In the house Monday a bill was passed on motion of Towne of Minnesota to amend the act of 1880 for the relief and civilization of the Chippewas so as to permit the secretary of the interior, in his discretion to sell the pine lands in their reservations in blocks of 10,000 acres or less. Some 4,000,000 acres are to be sold under the act of 1880. Hephburn of Iowa gave notice of an amendment to the Armenian resolution, now under discussion, instructing the president to give the Turkish minister his passports and his diplomatic relations with Turkey. Hitt, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, rebuked Hephburn for his extraordinary proposal to sever diplomatic relations with a friendly power.

"We want no relations with that murderer," replied Hephburn. Hephburn's amendment to the Armenian resolution to give the Turkish minister his passports and thus sever all diplomatic relations with Turkey was defeated by a vote of 19 for to 12 against.

APPEAL FROM TRANSVAAL.

Americans There Ask for Diplomatic Representation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Secretary Olney has received by cable an appeal from the American residents at Johannesburg praying that a diplomatic representative of the United States be sent into the Transvaal to look after their interests. Nothing is said in the cablegram in the way of direct suggestion that our government intervene to secure from the Transvaal government fair treatment politically for resident Americans. At present the United States is without a diplomatic representative in all Africa save in Liberia, and all of our diplomatic agents are at Johannesburg, and he is nothing more than an agent, accountable to the United States consul at Cape Colony, Mr. Knight. The president might of his own instance send a commissioner to the Transvaal for a special occasion, but if it is desired to maintain a permanent diplomatic representative there, which is necessary, this can be done only by authority of congress, which must make the appropriation for the minister's salary and the expenses of the legation. It is probable that a recommendation to this effect will be made shortly.

McPherson Is Mentioned. WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Ex-Senator McPherson was mentioned very frequently Monday morning as the late ambassador Runyon's successor. A correspondent asked Senator Smith of New Jersey about it. He said, with a deprecating gesture: "Oh, it is too early to speak of such a thing now." Then he jumped into a cab and was driven rapidly to the White House, where he is registered as one of the president's first visitors of the day.

Defect in the State Department.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—As the result of an investigation into the accounts of the state department, treasury experts have found a greater deficiency than existed in the accounts of Labradan Spofford. The total deficiency is far amounts, it is said, to \$161,000, and the sum may be increased by the investigation now being made into what is known as the trust fund.

Menelch Goes for Peace.

ROME, Jan. 28.—Emperor Menelch has sent letters to King Humbert by an Italian trader asking that Italy appoint a plenipotentiary to arrange terms of peace between Italy and Albania.

PRIEST RECOVERS LOST MONEY.

Successful Appeal for a Parishioner Made in a Milwaukee Church.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 28.—Last Thursday M. A. Bullock lost a roll of money amounting to \$1,127, where or how he had no idea beyond that it must have been dropped somewhere in the upper part of the east side. In his distress he went to Father Royzinski of St. Hedwig's church and begged his assistance to the extent of questioning members of his congregation. This Father Royzinski readily promised.

At church service, when the building was filled with worshippers, Father Royzinski stepped forward and said he had been informed that a large sum of money had been lost on the streets within the confines of St. Hedwig's parish by a young man who could ill afford to part with it. If any person in the congregation had found it on the street and held it for some one to advert, his loss. Father Royzinski had the pleasure of turning the money over to the rightful owner, who was overjoyed at its recovery.

CAPTURED AFTER A FIGHT.

Notorious Outbreak Winds Up in the Hands of Officers.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 28.—Hattie's Bill, the notorious outburst who killed young Howard Roberts in his father's house at Isabella, last week, is in the hands of the officers. The vigilance committee kept up the pursuit of the murderer for twenty-five miles and brought him to bay in the Gyp hills. His horse was shot, or he might have escaped into the Indian Territory. It took six hours to dislodge the murderer, who outcried himself behind rocks and fought desperately until his ammunition gave out.

The mob came near lynching him, but finally concluded to turn him over to the authorities at Viles. This was done, and the vigilantes dispersed. Afterwards the news that the boy's mother was likely to die as a result of the shock and excitement spread and another mob was organized with the intention of taking Hattie's Bill to the jail and lynching him. They were thwarted, as the prisoner had been hurried out of their reach.

Kaiser Alarms the Troops.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Emperor William alarmed the Berlin garrison at an early hour Monday morning, the occasion being his birthday. There was a reception in the white hall of the palace in the forenoon and later he gave the password to the troops. His majesty has conferred the Cross of Grand Commander of the Hohenzollern family upon Prince Hohenlohe, the imperial chancellor, and he has named the minister of education, Baron von Hammerstein-Loxton, with the Order of the Red Eagle. His majesty was born Jan. 27, 1859, and became emperor June 15, 1888.

Illinois Republican Lovefeast.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 28.—This town has been captured by the flower of the Republican party of Illinois, and the much talked of lovefeast may be said to have begun with sunrise Monday morning, although the formal proceedings will not be begun until 10 o'clock Tuesday morning. The battle between the most of candidates was fought out Monday and by the time that the state central committee shall have met and transacted the business entrusted to it, the fate of several aspirants will have been decided.

Schooner Given Up as Lost.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 28.—John F. Woson & Co., owners, formally announced Monday that they have given up as lost the schooner John W. Bray and crew of fourteen men. The John W. Bray sailed from this port Nov. 19 for a four-week's trip to the fishing banks, and since that date has not been sighted, nor has any word been heard from her. It is believed she was wrecked in the fierce gales of Dec. 11 and 12. Her captain was Alexander McCleod of Cape Breton.

Bloody Deed of Patrick McMahon.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Driven to frenzy by brooding over wrongs he thought were perpetrated upon him Patrick McMahon, son of a rich ex-carpenter, deliberately, after careful calculation, hacked the heads of his uncle and aunt with an axe. Their injuries may prove fatal. He tried to justify his deed by charging that they poisoned his mother and separated him from his father, but neighbors say the charge is the ravings of a diseased mind.

Footpad Schmidt May Die.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 28.—Sam Foster and Peter Schmidt, two of the murderers of Bertram A. Atwater of Chicago, who were brought to the hold-over in St. Louis Friday night to save them from lynching, were taken to Clayton Sunday and lodged in the county jail. Dr. Kleiner of Webster Grove, who is attending John Schmidt, the wounded robber, stated Monday that he thought the wound would prove fatal within two days.

Coal Miners on Strike.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Jan. 28.—Between four and five hundred men, employed at the coal mines at Vintonville, this county, have gone on a strike owing to the coal company having engaged a doctor from Philadelphia under a guarantee of \$100 a month for attending to the ill and ailments of the miners and the subsequent action on the part of the company in deducting \$1 each from the men last pay day.

Failure in Cigars.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—Henry B. Grauley, one of the largest cigar dealers in Pennsylvania, Monday made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. Grauley was a member of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange and was well known in society. He was a member of the Calumet, Racquet and Tuxedo clubs. He also enjoyed the close friendship of Archbishop Corrigan. His grandfather, Chester W. Chapin, was for many years the president of the Boston and Albany railroad.

St. Paul Still Aground.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., Jan. 28.—Captain Muligan of the life saving station at Monmouth beach reports no change in the position of the steamer St. Paul. One lighter load of cargo was sent to New York Sunday night. Other lighters are engaged in getting out the remainder of the cargo.

Fatal Explosion of Nitro Glycerine.

LIMA, O., Jan. 28.—A wagon load of 120 quarts of nitro glycerine, exploded at St. Mary's, killing the driver, Samuel E. Egan, and two horses. In St. Mary's thousands of dollars of damage was done by broken windows and splinters.

DIED VERY SUDDENLY.

Theodore Runyon, Our Ambassador to Germany.

BRIEF SKETCH OF HIS CAREER.

He Was Among the First to Go to the Front in the Civil War and Has Had the Honorary Degree of LL.D. Conferred Upon Him Three Times—Death at Washington of a Son of President Tyler—Other Notable Deaths.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Theodore Runyon, United States ambassador to Germany, expired suddenly and unexpectedly at 1 o'clock Monday morning of heart failure. Mr. Runyon awoke at midnight and complained of suffering from a pain in his heart. Dr. Gruar was hastily summoned and when he reached the ambassador's residence he found Mr. Runyon unconscious.



THEODORE RUNYON.

conscious, dying shortly afterward. His death was painless and resulted from heart failure. Only the family of the ambassador was present at his bedside when he passed away. Mr. Runyon had two previous attacks of heart failure, but they were not considered dangerous. The remains of the United States ambassador will be accorded a state funeral at the American church here on Wednesday. The body will be embalmed and taken to his home at Newark, N. J.

Was at Bull Run.

Theodore Runyon was chancellor of New Jersey from 1873 to 1887. He was born in New Jersey in 1822, graduated from Yale college, studied law and was admitted to practice in 1846. He went to the front with the first New Jersey brigade with a commission as brigadier general and was brevetted major general by President Lincoln immediately in consideration of his prompt arrival. He was in command of thirteen regiments at the first battle of Bull Run, and the defeat of the federal forces annoyed him greatly. He returned to Newark on the expiration of his term of service and was elected mayor of that city. In 1863 he was a candidate for governor, but was defeated by Governor Ward. In 1873 he was appointed a commissioner to prepare an amendment to the state constitution and later in the same year was appointed chancellor. He has had the honorary degree of LL.D. conferred upon him no less than three times.

PRESIDENT TYLER'S SON DEAD.

Expires at Washington, Where He Had Lived Twenty Years.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—John Tyler, aged 76, the eldest son of President Tyler, died here Sunday. Mr. Tyler had lived here for the last twenty years. During the latter part of this period he was employed in the redemption bureau of the treasury department, having had charge of the destruction of the bank notes sent in for redemption. His figure and alertness were well known here. Washington. He was a man of strong intellect and excellent education. For many years he had taken an active and vigorous interest in temperance work, and had been a practical and powerful help to the cause. The remains will be interred here Wednesday.

Minister of the Gospel.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 28.—The congregation of the Goldwater (Miss.) Methodist church were horrified beyond measure when the pastor, the Rev. T. B. Hargrove, fell dead in the pulpit in the midst of his sermon Sunday morning. He was repeating the words "Believe in the Lord Jesus Christ and ye shall be saved." As he uttered the last word he turned with an exclamation of "Oh," and fell prone on the platform. Two physicians, who were in the audience, rushed to him, but it was too late. Heart disease is said to have been the cause.

Dead at the Age of 129.

MCDONOUGH, Ga., Jan. 28.—Hiram Lester, one of the oldest men in the world, died here Sunday in his 129 year. He was born in North Carolina in 1766. Lester's one claim to fame came when he went to the Piedmont exposition at Atlanta and there on the exposition grounds divided honors with President Cleveland. A public ceremony united Lester and a bride over 70 years of age. Lester's daughter lives in Heard county and is 95 years old. His youngest son is in the county poorhouse here and is 62 years old.

Millionaire Clubman Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Lindley Hoffman Chapin, millionaire and clubman, died here Sunday night from heart failure. He had been ill for some time. Mr. Chapin was well known in society. He was a member of the Calumet, Racquet and Tuxedo clubs. He also enjoyed the close friendship of Archbishop Corrigan. His grandfather, Chester W. Chapin, was for many years the president of the Boston and Albany railroad.

Death of Veteran Journalist.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Philip Ripley died in Bellevue hospital of Bright's disease, aged about 68 years. Ripley belonged to the older guild of New York journalists. He was an editorial writer on The World under Manton Marble and Furrier.

James Edwin Campbell.

POMEROY, O., Jan. 28.—James Edwin Campbell of Chicago, dialect poet and a witty writer, died here Sunday night. His reputation extends over the United States.

CARNEGIE DENOUNCED.

Ex-Mayor John McLochie Brings Up Charges Against Him.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The meeting of the Central Labor union Sunday was more than usually interesting. The delegates were addressed by John McLochie, who was mayor of Homestead, Pa., during the fatal riot of the men employed in the Carnegie Steel works. Mr. McLochie bitterly denounced Andrew Carnegie and his company.

"I have the evidence against Carnegie in my possession and I will push the company to the wall if I can. I will compel Carnegie to disgorge the \$3,500,000 he obtained by fraud from the government. By making rotten armor which was inadvertently placed on our warships he has jeopardized the lives of every sailor, gunner and officer in our navy, and the result is that if we should break out between this and any other country our ships would be found to be in bad condition and unable to cope with any decent foe. This matter must be pushed before the senate, and by God's will I will push it until Andrew Carnegie is in a pauper's grave. His iron and steel companies worth a few years ago rated as being worth \$72,000,000, now they are rated at only \$20,000,000, and when I get through they will be worth nothing. This work has cost me \$2,000, but if I had seven times \$2,000, I would spend it all for the cause, and if I had all the choice corner lots in heaven and could sell them I would gladly dispose of them for the purpose I have in mind."

The question of supporting Mr. McLochie's crusade was discussed, and as a result a committee was appointed to arrange mass-meetings to ventilate the matter.

AGAINST THE SALOON.

One Hundred Signatures Delivered to the Mayor.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 28.—There were as many as 100 signatures delivered to the mayor in Cincinnati Sunday against the saloons of Ohio and the country generally. The ministers talked in favor of the legislation. The law law, in operation at present, was viciously attacked. The services closed with prayers that this law be repealed. The law liquor law is chaotic in its operation. The license is \$200 in cities, less in villages and the country. License is easily obtained. The saloons are controlled by a state law—that is, as to the hours of business.

The Haskell bill provides for local option by wards and precincts and gives townships and municipalities authority the power to regulate the business. The prohibitionists think that if the Haskell bill is passed it will reduce the number of saloons two-thirds, and as a saloon man said: "It is a law to be feared." The anti-saloon league, with headquarters at Columbus, is now directing an influential lobby in favor of the bill. In addition to this nearly every Protestant minister in the state is preaching one sermon a week against saloons.

WELCH-GOLLELY HORROR.

Large Number of People Killed by a Terrible Explosion.

CALIFF, Wales, Jan. 28.—A terrible explosion has taken place in a colliery at Tylorstown, near this place. The shafts were shattered and the whole town was shaken by the tremendous concussion, causing a scene of wild excitement. Fifty-four miners were below the surface when the explosion took place and although several of them have reached the surface with the dead body of one of their companions, it is supposed that nearly all the remainder were killed.

Rescue parties have been hurried to the scene, but their work is very dangerous owing to the fact that the pit is on fire. Later advices are to the effect that twelve bodies have been recovered from the colliery and that twelve men are still missing.

Women Cyclists in a Race.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—The woman's six-day bicycle race which began last night at the Second regiment armory on Michigan avenue, had ten starters. The contestants are of a high order, nearly all having won their spurs in similar contests in the century runs. Their names are as follows: Mary Allen, of England; Kate Christopher, of California; Tillie Anderson, of Chicago; Lizzy Glaw, of Chicago; Lillie Williams, of Omaha; Helen Baldwin, of New York; Frankie McKel, St. Paul; Ida Peterson, of Minneapolis; Mamie Holstrom, of Minneapolis; Dottie Farnsworth, of Minneapolis.

Germany Demands Payment.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—It is semi-officially announced that the German minister at Caracas has presented a note to the Venezuelan government demanding payment of the guarantee fund to German subjects as a result of the building of the great railway. It is semi-officially denied that two German warships are shortly to proceed to Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, in order to enforce the payment of the railway guarantee fund. It is also semi-officially denied that German marines will eventually be landed at Puerto Cabello.

Frightful Leap to Death.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Anna Maylat, 29 years old, of Boston, a guest at the St. Denis hotel, jumped from the fifth-story fire escape, on the Eleventh street side of the building, Sunday night and was instantly killed. The girl was insane, and in charge of her brother, was waiting at the hotel for an out-going steamer to Ireland.

Run Down by a Train.

MARILLON, O., Jan. 28.—A Fort Wayne express train ran down and mangled Andrew McGowan and George Thoms Sunday morning. They had been drinking heavily. McGowan was a brother of fine dogs and Thoms a coal prospector.

Failure in Lumber.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—William D. Wheelwright & Co., lumber dealers, made an assignment Monday for the benefit of creditors. The firm is said to have been in business seventeen years and is said to have \$100,000 invested in the business.

Want Yvette Ostracised.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—The W. C. T. U. in a pronouncement signed by Frances E. Willard and the other national officers, calls on the public to ostracize Yvette Guilbert, the Parisian chanteuse who appeared last week in this city.

Bismarck Takes a Drive.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—A Berlin dispatch to The Standard says that Prince Bismarck drove in an open carriage in the Reichstag on Saturday. He was last seen on the steps of the Reichstag.

WALL OF ARMED MEN.

Solid Line of Spanish Troops from Coast to Coast.

THE PLAN OF CAMPAIGN DIVULGED.

Thousands of Troops Placed Along the Railway Lines and Small Fortresses Built Near Each Station—Spanish Generals Say Maceo and His Command Cannot Escape—Train Held Up by Insurgents and Destroyed—Rebels Repulsed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—A special to The World from Havana says: The plan of campaign adopted by the commander-in-chief of the Spanish forces now in Cuba has been divulged by several officers of high rank whose names must be kept secret. General Campos established what became known as "the wall of men." He distributed a large number of Spanish troops in such a manner that they practically form a solid line from coast to coast. Higgins began in the north about five miles west of Havana and extended south to the Bay of Matanzas. At the time this plan was adopted General Campos announced that he would take his command not only into Havana province, but that he would walk into Pinar del Rio and as far west as he possibly could. Campos determined to prevent Gomez from carrying out his project. The wall of men was well to the westward of the railroad line, between Havana and Matanzas.

Crossed and Recrossed the Line.

Gomez and Maceo had only succeeded in crossing the line, but were repulsed. Several times they crossed and Maceo separated west of it two weeks ago. Maceo remained in Pinar del Rio province, doing about as he pleased, while General Campos remained in Havana province and one time crossed within fifteen miles of the capital of Cuba. Reports were printed in the United States that Gomez was at the gates of Havana, and that it was only a question of a few hours when he would enter this city, hunt down the Spanish insurrectors, and raise the flag of the Cuban republic. But Gomez had no intention of attacking this city. He openly declared that it would be more than foolish to do so. His sole object is to keep the Spanish troops moving, hoping to tire them out. If he can continue his present warfare until hot weather sets in he knows yellow fever will do the rest. Both Generals Martin and Pando are convinced that within the idea of the wall of men is a good one, the wall of men is in the wrong place too far west. It was decided, therefore, to have a strong wall along the railroad. Thousands of troops are stationed along this line and 184 guns have been received near each station.

Armored Cars Ordered.

A large number of armored cars have been ordered. They are to be box cars to be protected by boiler iron. At either end of the cars will be machine guns revolving cannon, howitzers or 6.3 inch guns. These cars are to be placed between the railway stations. At least 5,000 armed troops will be kept constantly moving over the line. Maceo and his command, the Spanish general says, cannot escape. He is looked upon as an "easy mark." Many of the troops are believed to be wounded. As he has no ambulances, he is unable to move them, and he does not want to leave them to the mercy of the Spanish. If Maceo tries to go east he will run up against a new wall of men, much stronger than the one he broke through some weeks ago. If he tries to escape west, the Spanish general argues that he will have to march to the sea, where his only chance to get away will be in boats. Spanish warships have been stationed all along the coast. One fired a few days ago upon an encampment of insurgents. The Spanish commandants fear only Gomez. Although he is nearly 65 years old, they recognize in him one of the ablest of fighting men and an expert tactician.

HELD UP A TRAIN.

Insurgents Continue to Destroy Rolling Stock in Cuba.

HAVANA, Jan. 28.—The passenger train which went from Havana to Camaguey, leaving the latter place at 4 p. m. for a return trip, was held up Sunday night by insurgents near San Antonio. The passengers were ordered to leave the train. When they had done so the rebels burned the cars and destroyed the locomotive. The passengers were not molested, but were compelled to walk to San Antonio, one mile distant. The train had not moved, or because the company had none ready. Some are being constructed for passengers and when they are finished will be put on all trains. Then, it is believed, people may travel over the island in safety.

Insurgents Repulsed.

MADRID, Jan. 28.—A dispatch to The Imperial from Havana says that the rebels have been repulsed while trying to burn the town of Sabanailla. Seventeen insurgents were killed and many were wounded. General Lugo, the dispatch says, has twice defeated the rebels under Antonio Maceo, killed a large number of insurgents, and wounded 100 more. Maceo is retreating into the country, which is rough and hilly and consequently offers many difficulties to the movement of cavalry. "Because of this he has abandoned 60 horses."

To Avoid Future Accidents.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 28.—The Washington Reform club, an organization of prominent men who have strange ideas on city affairs, recommended that, in view of the repeated bridge accidents, the director of public works be instructed to employ lands at an expense of \$50 a night, to play "Let the Lord Light Be Burned" whenever the bridges are swung, and thus keep the bridge-tenders awake.

Terrible Double Tragedy.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 28.—George W. Baxter, aged 33, killed his wife Otilia Monday with a hammer and then cut his own throat with a razor. The double tragedy occurred on the second floor of the frame building 1114 Washington avenue south of 7 o'clock a. m. in the same way as yesterday.

Engineer Killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—The south-bound Southern Pacific passenger train on the coast division ran into a washout Sunday evening, killing many, and demolishing the locomotive and many cars. Engineer John Keyer was killed and several passengers injured, but none seriously.

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Jan. 1, 1893, 9,956	\$12,768.50	\$ 5,211.74
Jan. 1, 1894, 21,517	44,735.14	17,721.22
Jan. 1, 1895, 29,665	69,822.51	18,519.71
Dec. 1, 1895, 36,152	93,032.18	20,178.65

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